



ESRF

	Experiment title: Survivin	Experiment number: LS-1655
Beamline: BM14	Date of experiment: from: 23 Febr to: 24 Febr 2000	Date of report: 20-03-00
Shifts: 3	Local contact(s): G. Sainz	<i>Received at ESRF:</i>

Names and affiliations of applicants (* indicates experimentalists):

*Laurent Chantalat IBS/LCM

Report

Protein Survivin

Survivin is a newly described apoptosis inhibitor that is expressed in many human cancers and appears to play a critical role in both apoptosis regulation and cell cycle progression.

Survivin crystals belong to space group C2, $a=113.45$, $b=67.76$, $c=80.77\text{\AA}$, $\beta=127.43^\circ$.

A four-wavelength MAD experiment was collected on BM14 to 3.2\AA resolution. Three wavelengths were chosen (peak 1.285\AA , inflection 1.283\AA and high energy remote 1.276\AA) around the Zn K edge. An extra data set was collected at the peak of the cobalt absorption (1.606\AA). While 165° were collected at λ peak in order to obtain a high redundancy, only 110° were collected for the other wavelengths. The data processed and scaled with the DENZO/SCALEPACK programs gave good quality data with R_{sym} in the range of 4.9-8.1%.