

**Experiment title:****Crystal Structure of a putative esterase: a functional genomics approach****Experiment number:**
LS1657**Beamline:**
ID14-2**Date of experiment:**

from: 3-3-00 to: 4-3-00

Date of report:
Aug00**Shifts:**
3**Local contact(s):**

Sigrid STURMAN

*Received at ESRF:***Names and affiliations of applicants (* indicates experimentalists):****Yves Bourne¹, Leo de Graaff², Bernard Henrissat¹ & Pascale Marchot³**¹AFMB-CNRS 31 Ch. J. Aiguier 13402 Marseille Cedex 20²Section Molecular Genetics of Industrial Microorganisms, Agricultural University, Dreijenlaan 2, NL-6703 HA Wageningen³CNRS-UMR 6560, Bd Pierre Dramard, 13916 Marseille Cedex 20**Report:**

We have cloned and expressed a gene controlled by the xylanolytic transcription factor XlnR from the filamentous fungus *Aspergillus niger*, which is involved in the degradation of the polysaccharides xylan and cellulose. This gene encodes an extracellular protein having a significant homology to lipases/esterases of the α/β hydrolase family. It contains amino acids that could belong to functional catalytic triad. However, our first attempts to detect an esterase activity were unsuccessful. The protein is largely over-expressed as a soluble form and we thought it was a good example as functional genomics where a three-dimensional structure could lead to the finding of a substrate specificity. Crystals diffracted up to 2.1 Å resolution (Table 1). The structure was solved by molecular replacement with the AMoRe package using an original approach involving a chimeric template in which two thirds were taken from the *Geotrichum candidum* lipase (PDB code 1THG) and the remaining one third from mouse acetylcholinesterase (PDB code 1MAA). Indeed, attempts to solve the structure using either of the two models separately were unsuccessful. The chimeric model has a correlation coefficient and an R-factor value of respectively 19% and 49.7% in the 15 Å to 4 Å resolution range for two molecules in the asymmetric unit. The sequence identity between this protein and our chimeric model is low, but significant, and the current electron density maps are promising. Refinement process is underway.

Table 1. Data collection and refinement statistics

Resolution (Å)	2.1
No. observations	1 686 510
No. unique	104 768
R _{sym} (%)	7.7 (42)
I/σ(I)	7.2 (1.7)
Redundancy	5.0
Completeness (%)	100 (100)
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Resolution (Å)	20- 2.1
R-factor - R free (%)	46 - 51