



**Experiment title:** BAG Barcelona-

The C2 domain of PKC $\epsilon$  in complex with acidic phospholipids

**Experiment number:**  
LS1666

**Beamline:**  
ID14 3

**Date of experiment:**

from: 15/04/00 to: 17/04/00

**Date of report:**  
2/08/00

**Shifts:**

**Local contact(s):**

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*Received at ESRF:*

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## Report:

PKC $\epsilon$  is a member of the novel protein kinase Cs which are activated by acidic phospholipids, diacylglycerol (DAG) and phorbol esters but lack the Ca<sup>2+</sup>-dependence of the classical PKC isotypes.

We have solved the crystal structure of the C2 domain of PKC $\epsilon$  crystallized in the presence of two acidic phospholipids: 1,2-dicaproyl-*sn*-phosphatidyl-L-serine (DCPS) and 1,2-dicaproyl-*sn*-phosphatidic acid (DCPA). Two complete data sets were measured at the beam line ID14.3 at 1.7 and 2.8 Å resolution respectively (Table 1). The structure of the isolated PKC $\epsilon$ -C2 domain was determined previously using phase information from mercury and aurate derivatives. (The X-ray data was collected at the beam line ID14.2. See the report: The C2 domain of PKC $\epsilon$ ; Hg and Au derivatives).

The central feature of the PKC $\epsilon$ -C2 domain structure is an eight stranded, antiparallel  $\beta$ -barrel with a molecular topology closely related to that found in the C2 domain of phospholipases C- $\delta$ 1 and A2 (Figure 1). The PKC $\epsilon$ -C2 domain determined presents major differences with respect to the structure of the PKC $\delta$ -C2 domain, the only other novel PKC-C2 domain available. Despite the phospholipid ligands were found to be disordered in the crystals of the two complexes, differences with the uncomplexed C2 domain structure allowed to define the phospholipid binding sites as mainly involving the protein loops  $\beta$ 1- $\beta$ 2 and  $\beta$ 5- $\beta$ 6. The information provided by these results suggest that C2-domains, either Ca<sup>2+</sup> dependent or independent, can have similar membrane binding mechanisms though with different regulatory switches.

**Table 1.** Data collection statistics

	PKCe-C2_DCPS	PKCe-C2_DCPA
Cell parameters(A)	40.3, 56.5, 58.7	34.3, 47.1, 45.2
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>	P2 <sub>1</sub>
Resolution (A)	1.7	2.8
Completeness (%)	100	98
R-merge (%)	6	8.8
Average I/ $\sigma$ I	23.1	6.7



**Figure 1.** Overall structure of the C2 domain of PKC $\epsilon$ .  $\beta$ -strands are depicted as arrows. The Mg<sup>2+</sup> ion located near the  $\beta$ 5- $\beta$ 6 loop is also shown as an orange sphere.

## References

W.F.Ochoa, S. Corbalan-Garcia, I.Fita, J.C. Gomez-Fernandez, N. Verdaguer  
“Structure of the C2 domain of Protein Kinase C $\epsilon$ : a membrane binding model for C<sup>2+</sup> independent PKCs.” (2000, submitted).