

Compound	space group	lattice parameters [Å]	impurities
Ca ₄ Mg ₄ Fe ₃ D ₂₂	<i>P-43m</i>	$a=6.7016(4)$	MgD ₂

Experimental conditions: $\lambda=0.48562$ Å, $0.512^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 35.49^\circ$, step size 0.002° . The purpose of this experiment was to investigate to what precision synchrotron X-rays are capable of locating hydrogen(deuterium) atoms in polycrystalline samples containing heavy elements. The data are currently used for Rietveld refinement to verify the crystallinity of the phase of interest.

Compound	space group	lattice parameters [Å]	impurities
1.5MgH ₂ +0.75Fe+0.25Zn	<i>Fm-3m</i>	$a=6.44362(3)$	Fe
2MgH ₂ +0.75Fe+0.25Zn	<i>Fm-3m</i>	$a=6.44432(7)$	Fe, unknown

The major phase found was Mg₂FeH₆ and no evidence of partial substitution of Fe²⁺ ions by Zn²⁺ ions was clearly demonstrated.

Compound	space group	lattice parameters [Å]	impurities
LiBH ₄	<i>Pnma</i>	$a=7.17858(4), b=4.43686(2), c=6.80321(4)$	-

The room temperature data were recorded at the wavelength $\lambda=0.48562$ Å (range of scattering angles $1^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 28.5^\circ$, step size 0.002°). The structure was solved with the recently developed computer programme FOX [1] and found to contain one lithium, one boron and three hydrogen sites. Structure refinement was performed by the Rietveld method by using the program FullProf.2000 and converged to $R_{\text{Bragg}}=0.035$, $R_{\text{wp}}=0.146$ and $\chi^2=1.86$. The present study provides the first example of a metal hydride structure for which the hydrogen atoms have been located unambiguously by X-ray synchrotron powder diffraction.

Compound	space group	lattice parameters [Å]	impurities
CsOH · H ₂ O	<i>I4₁/amd</i>	$a=4.38088(4), c=15.46525(17)$	CsH, CsOH

The room temperature data were recorded at the wavelength $\lambda=0.48562$ Å (range of scattering angles $6^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 36.5^\circ$, step size 0.002°). The structure was also solved with the programme FOX. Structure refinement (FullProf.2000) converged to $R_{\text{Bragg}}=0.059$, $R_{\text{wp}}=0.133$ and $\chi^2=5.23$. Tetragonal caesium hydroxide monohydrate, a clathrate hydrate, is a polymorph of three known hexagonal or pseudo-hexagonal modifications. It was obtained as a by-product in a high pressure experiment. Whether it is a high pressure polymorph, however, stays to be verified.

Compound	space group	lattice parameters [Å]	impurities
Mg _{~1} Ir _{~1}	<i>Cmca</i>	$a=18.4639(5), b=16.1699(4), c=16.8167(4)$	-

The structure is currently analysed, the best structural model (22 independent atoms $R_{\text{Bragg}}=0.26$, $\chi^2=8.4$) found by FOX is not yet refined.

[1] V. Favre-Nicolin and R. Černý, FOX & ObjCryst++ : new object-oriented tools for crystal structure determination. *J. Appl. Cryst.* – computer programs, in preparation.
see also : <http://objcryst.sourceforge.net/>, and Book of Abstract of the ECM 20, Krakow 2001, p. 135.