



	Experiment title: Cu-Se and In-Se Bond Lengths Determination in CuInSe_2 , CuIn_3Se_5 and CuIn_4Se_6	Experiment number: ME-418
Beamline: BM29	Date of experiment: from: 24/04/02, 7:00 to: 26/04/02, 7:00	Date of report: 18/05/05
Shifts: 6	Local contact(s): Dr. Gloria SUBÍAS PERUGA	<i>Received at ESRF:</i>
Names and affiliations of applicants (* indicates experimentalists): José Manuel MERINO ALVAREZ *, Máximo LEÓN * (Departamento de Física Aplicada, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid) Sofía DÍAZ MORENO * (Diamond Light Source, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory)		

Report:

The work has been recently published and this are the full reference details:

Title: A comparative study of Cu-Se and In-Se bond length distributions in CuInSe_2 with related In-rich compounds.

Authors: J. M. Merino, S. Díaz-Moreno, G. Subías, M. León.

Journal: Thin Solid Films 480-481, 295-300.

Year: 2005.

Abstract

The local atomic structure around the Cu and In atoms of CuInSe_2 (CIS), $\text{Cu}_2\text{In}_4\text{Se}_7$ and CuIn_3Se_5 was studied using Extended X-ray Absorption Fine Structure (EXAFS) spectroscopy at the Cu and In K-edges. Room and low-temperature EXAFS measurements were performed at beamline BM29 at the European Synchrotron Radiation Facility (ESRF) and collected data were analysed using the freely available IFEFFIT package. The analysis assumed a chalcopyrite structure for the CuInSe_2 samples while different structures (Chalcopyrite and P-chalcopyrite) were tried for $\text{Cu}_2\text{In}_4\text{Se}_7$ and CuIn_3Se_5 . The results show that the In-Se bond length remains constant in the CuInSe_2 samples within the experimental uncertainty but slight differences are observed in the Cu-Se bond lengths. These decrease with the Cu content in accordance with previous X-ray diffraction (XRD) results on the same samples. The values obtained for the Debye-Waller factors in the CuInSe_2 samples are lower for the In-Se bond compared to Cu-Se, which is consistent with a higher ionicity in the former bond.