



	Experiment title: Elucidating the structure of synthetic FeNi in the L10 phase	Experiment number: HC-2378
Beamline: BM28	Date of experiment: from: 2016-05-17 to: 2016-05-23	Date of report: February 20, 2017
Shifts: 18	Local contact(s): Simon D. Brown	<i>Received at ESRF:</i>
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Report:

The results from this beam time are summarized and published in:

Strain Engineering for Controlled Growth of Thin-Film FeNi L10; Andreas Frisk, Thomas P.A. Hase, Peter Svedlindh, Erik Johansson, and Gabriella Andersson; (2017); *J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys.* **50**, 085009;
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1088/1361-6463/aa5629>

Abstract

FeNi thin films in the $L1_0$ phase were successfully grown by magnetron sputtering on HF-etched Si(001) substrates on Cu/Cu_{100-x}Ni_x buffers. The strain of the FeNi layer, $(c/a)_{\text{FeNi}}$, was varied in a controlled manner by changing the Ni content of the Cu_{100-x}Ni_x buffer layer from $x = 0$ at.% to $x = 90$ at.%, which influenced the common in-plane lattice parameter of the CuNi and FeNi layers. The presence of the $L1_0$ phase was confirmed by resonant x-ray diffraction measurements at various positions in reciprocal space. The uniaxial magnetocrystalline anisotropy energy K_U is observed to be smaller (around 0.35 MJ m^{-3}) than predicted for a perfect FeNi $L1_0$ sample, but it is larger than for previously studied films. No notable variation in K_U with strain state $(c/a)_{\text{FeNi}}$ is observed in the range achieved ($0.99 \lesssim (c/a)_{\text{FeNi}} \lesssim 1.02$), which is in agreement with theoretical predictions.