ESRF	Experiment title: Nuclear Receptor Ligand Binding Domain human RXR α bound to 9-cis retinoic acid	Experiment number: LS 1161
Beamline: BM14	Date of experiment : 01/11/1998 from:7:00 am 01/1/1998 to: 7:00 am 02/11/1998	Date of report: 26/02/1999
Shifts: 3 shifts	Local contact(s): Andy Thompson	Received at ESRF: 0 3 MAR. 1999

Names and affiliations of applicants (* indicates experimentalists):

Pascal EGEA *

André MITSCHLER *

Dino MORAS

Report:

Retinoids (9-cis and all-trans retinoic acid) are powerful morphogens. These pleiotropic hormones are involved in the control of cellular differentiation, division and apoptosis. They are implicated in the embryogenesis and the general homeostasis in the Vertebrates.

They act through binding to their cognate receptors RXRs and RARs, these receptors belong to the superfamily of nuclear receptors. These receptors are ligand regulated transcription factors that regulate transcription by interacting with specific DNA target sequences (the so called Hormone Response Elements) located in the promoter regions of genes.

We crystallized the ligand binding domain of human RXR α bound to its natural ligand 9-cis retinoic acid. The crystals (50 μ m x 50 μ m x 400 μ m) are obtained through several round of micro and macroseeding by the hanging and sitting drop vapour diffusion method at room temperature. They are cryoprotected in liquid ethane in the crystallization mother liquour.

A data set was collected on BM14 within a resolution range of 15 to 3.2 Å (resolution limit 3.0 Å). The crystals belong to space group $P2_12_12_1$ with cell parameters a=66 Å b=86 Å and c=90 Å and $\alpha=\beta=\gamma=90^{\circ}$. There are 2 monomers in the asymmetric unit. These data set is being used for structure determination

global R_{sym} = 4% from 15 to 3.2 Å resolution

last resolution shell R_{sym} =22% from 3.3 to 3.2 Å

We wish to collect a full and complete native data set of hRXRα bound to 9-cis RA and to a synthetic agonist compound of pharmaceutical interest at the highest resolution (2.5 Å); crystals are being optimized for such purpose.

For this project we will need 3 shifts on a high brilliance and flux beamline such as ID14 EH4.