



	Experiment title: MAGNETIC X-RAY RESONANT STUDY OF dhcp Sm.	Experiment number: HE-719
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Report:

Bulk samarium crystallographic structure is constituted of a nine-layers stacking sequence of close-packed planes, ABABCBCAC..., called "Sm structure". Recently, dhcp samarium single crystal films and superlattices have been elaborated for the first time by molecular beam epitaxy in Nancy. They present a four-layer stacking sequence ABAC.... The atoms located on planes A present a cubic symmetry (*c*), whereas the ones located on layers B and C exhibit an hexagonal one (*h*). The stacking sequence is thus *c h c h c...*

Because of the samarium extremely large thermal neutron absorption cross-section, magnetic resonant X-ray diffraction is an unique tool to study the magnetic structure of this new samarium crystallographic phase.

Measurements have been performed on a 5000Å thick dhcp Sm film between 8K and 300K at the Sm L_{III} edge. Magnetic scattering was measured using polarization analysis, to benefit from the extremely reduced charge background in the rotated σ - π polarization channel. A Cu(220) crystal was used as analyzer. Two sets of magnetic satellites have been observed in two different temperature ranges:

- the first set of magnetic reflections, observed below 80K, corresponds to propagation vector $\tau_1=(0\ 0\ 1)$. As an example, the thermal evolution of the (007) magnetic reflection is given in figure 1. By analogy with the magnetic structure of bulk samarium, a possible magnetic structure associated with this propagation vector is an antiferromagnetic coupling between ferromagnetic planes of hexagonal symmetry, with moments pointing along *c*. We measured the integrated intensities of several reflections. Their Q-dependence is consistent with the proposed magnetic structure.
- the second set of magnetic reflections is observed below 24K, and corresponds to a propagation vector $\tau_2=(0.25\ 0\ 1)$. By analogy with bulk samarium, this can be associated with long range magnetic order developing between the cubic planes, with moments pointing

along c . The cubic planes are antiferromagnetically coupled along c , with ferromagnetic rows parallel to the a_2 axis and a $++--++--++\dots$ sequence along the a_1 axis (the magnetic wave vector is in the basal plane). The observed integrated intensities are consistent with this model.

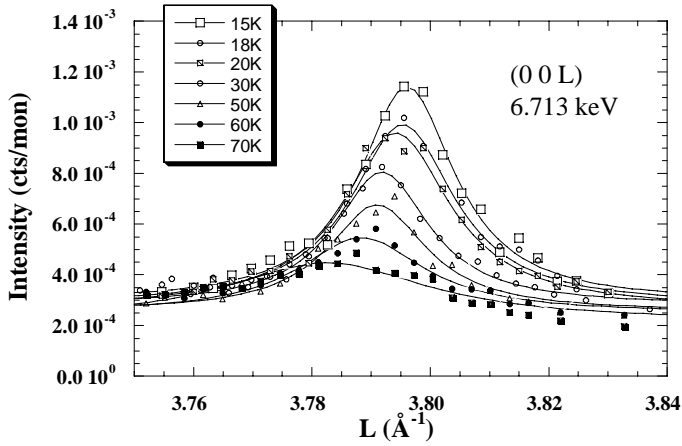


Figure 1: Thermal evolution of the (007) magnetic satellite in a dhcp (001)Sm film.

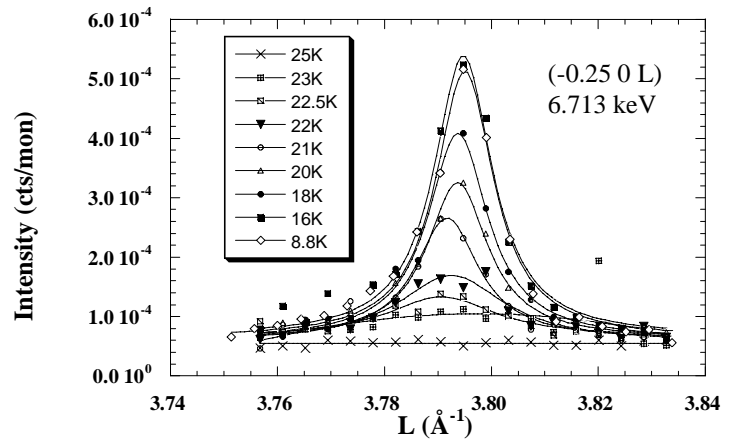


Figure 2: Thermal evolution of the (-0.25 0 7) magnetic satellite in a dhcp (001)Sm film.

The energy dependence of the magnetic reflections from both sets shows a resonance at 6.712keV (below the edge). All the above mentioned reflections were measured at this energy. The study of the Q dependance demonstrates that this resonance is quadrupolar in origin and related to the polarization of 4f electrons.

Finally, the thermal evolution of the interlayer spacing along the c -direction (measured in the σ - σ configuration from the position of the (008) charge peak) confirms the occurrence of a magnetic transition at 24K correlated to huge magnetoelastic effects. To illustrate the difference between "Sm structure" Sm and dhcp Sm, the thermal evolution of the d-spacing in bulk Sm is also presented on figure 3: in this "Sm structure" sample, the low temperature transition occurs around 14K. Finally, one can note that the d-spacing in the film is slightly larger than in the bulk compound. This could be correlated to the different stacking or to epitaxial strains.

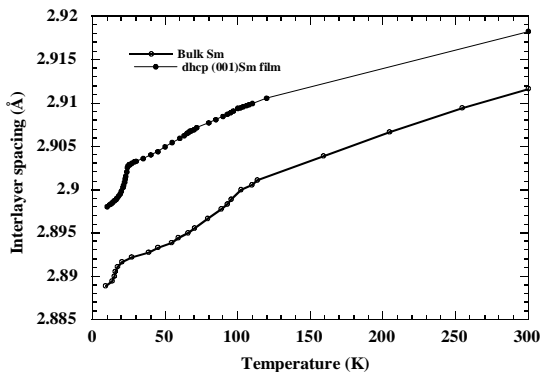


Figure 3: Thermal evolution of the d-spacing along the c direction in a dhcp (001)Sm film and in bulk samarium